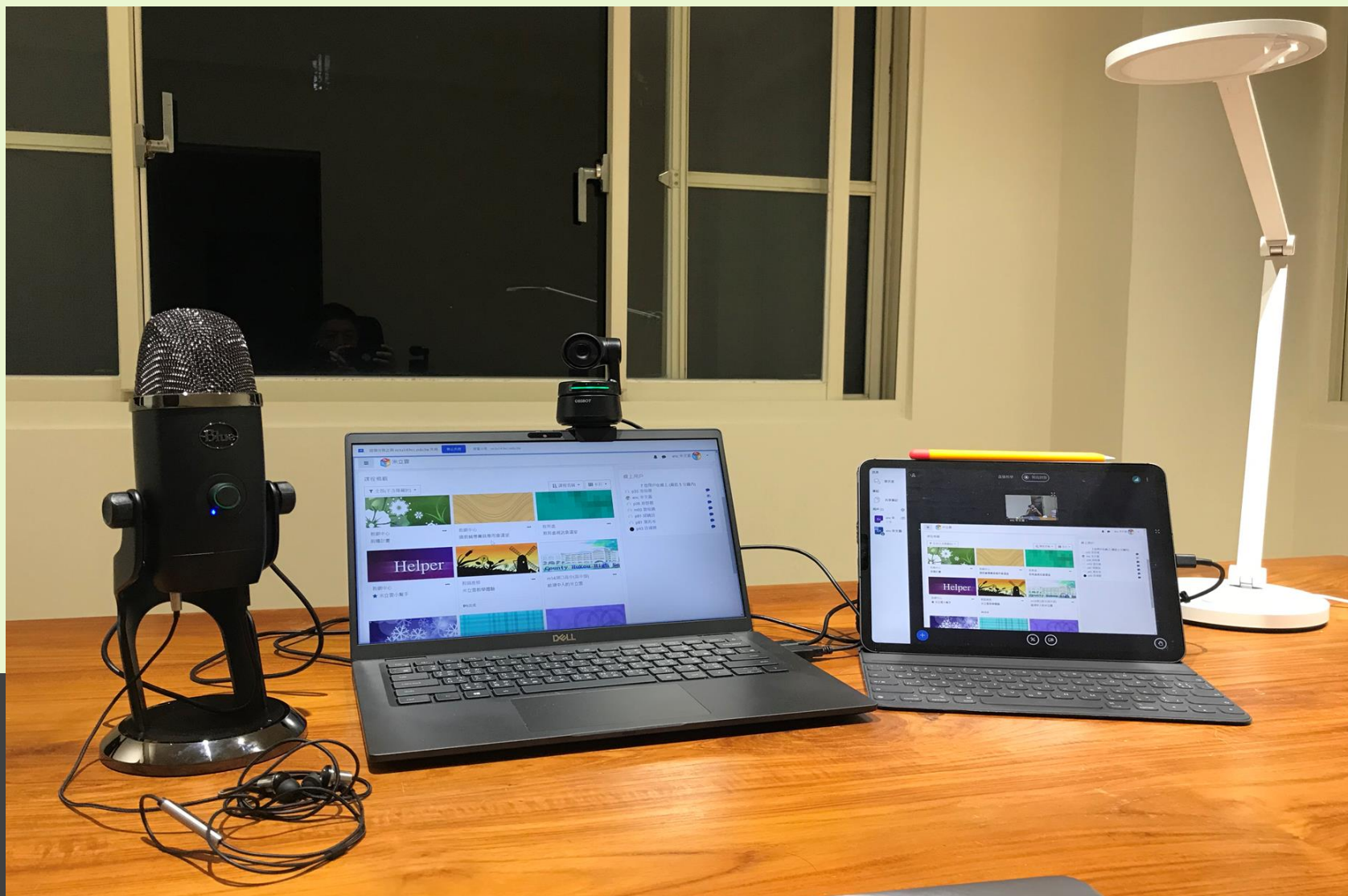




# Windows 及 Linux 主機架設安全防護

辛文義 Eric Hsin @2021

[eric.hsin@gmail.com](mailto:eric.hsin@gmail.com)



歡迎  
Start

1

您想如何加入音訊？



麥克風



僅聆聽

2

這是私人的回音測試，說幾句話。您能聽到聲音嗎？



是



否

3

3

變更您的聲音設定

請注意，瀏覽器彈出對話框，您必需允許分享您的麥克風。

麥克風來源

預設 - 麥克風 (Yeti X) (046d:0aaf)

揚聲器來源

預設 - 喇叭 (Realtek(R) Audio)

Test your speaker volume [播放聲音](#)

返回

重試

4

字傳訊 網路視訊 聲音 表情符號

分組討論 投票 螢幕分享 多人白板共筆



取消靜音



訊息

聊天室

筆記

共享筆記

用戶 (4)

辛文 辛文義 (您)

育達 育達高中\_張...

長庚 長庚科大\_陳...

陳香 陳香梅

< 聊天室

Welcome to **Windows 及 Linux 主機架設安全防護課程!**

For help on using BigBlueButton see these (short) [tutorial videos](#).

To join the audio bridge click the phone button. Use a headset to avoid causing background noise for others.

由新竹縣教育研究發展暨網路中心提供  
Powered by [BigBlueButton](#), [米立雲](#)

邀請他人參加會議 · 請發送以下連結：  
<https://cu.hcc.edu.tw/b/h4u-yfa-kct-y2u>

發送訊息到 聊天室

Windows 及 Linux 主機架設安全防護課程 | 開始錄製

歡迎使用米立雲直播教室

This is an open source web conferencing system designed for online learning

- 文字傳訊  
傳送公開或私人訊息
- 網路視訊  
再遠都看得見彼此
- 聲音  
採用高品質聲音溝通
- 表情符號  
表達您的意見或狀態
- 分組討論  
小組會議室進行分組合作
- 投票  
隨時可以考問所有人
- 螢幕分享  
分享您的電腦畫面
- 多人白板共筆  
一起畫圖、一起創作

新竹縣政府教育處  
Department of Education, Hsin-Chu County Government

< 投影片 1 > 100%

+ [Microphone] [Phone] [Screen Share] [Whiteboard]



## 辛文義 Eric Hsin [eric.hsin@gmail.com](mailto:eric.hsin@gmail.com)

1. 是一位中學老師並以教育為終身志業，兼任網路管理與資安防護工作資歷超過20年。
2. 現於新竹縣教育研究發展暨網路中心擔任資訊教育專任輔導員兼任網路管理組組長、中學資訊教師。在社會服務志業中，曾膺任軟體自由協會常務理監事、多所大專院校及醫院數位教學平台導入的協助與諮詢、多個自由軟體專案開發與推廣志工。
3. 交大電資學院工學碩士/淡大資訊40學分班/師大物理系理學士
4. 擁有CSA的CCSK/VMware的VCP/MikroTik的MTCRE和MTCTCE證照

自我介紹  
Profile

本課程將介紹校園常用的作業系統Windows及Linux在主機架設**安全防護**應該注意的地方，內容包含作業系統基本安全設定、網路基本安全防護、虛擬化環境應用，以及導入開放的資安解決方案。分享講師多年工作經驗，希望與您一起檢驗資安攻防的脈絡，累積能力**建立穩固安全的堡壘**。

摘要

Abstract

1. Windows Security基礎
2. Linux Security基礎
3. 網路通訊的安全
4. 防火牆知多少 (Microsoft Defender /Linux iptables/Mikrotik Firewall)
5. 積極防護的解決方案 (虛擬IP與NAT活用/VPN建置與應用)
6. 積極備援的解決方案 (虛擬化應用Proxmox)



大綱  
Outline



Windows

74.27%

OS X

16.05%

Unknown

4.99%

Chrome OS

2.59%

Linux

2.09%

FreeBSD

0%

Desktop Operating System Market Share Worldwide - November 2021

## Desktop Operating System Market Share Worldwide

Nov 2020 - Nov 2021

[Edit Chart Data](#)



# Windows Security 基礎



Mobile

53.98%

Desktop

43.55%

Tablet

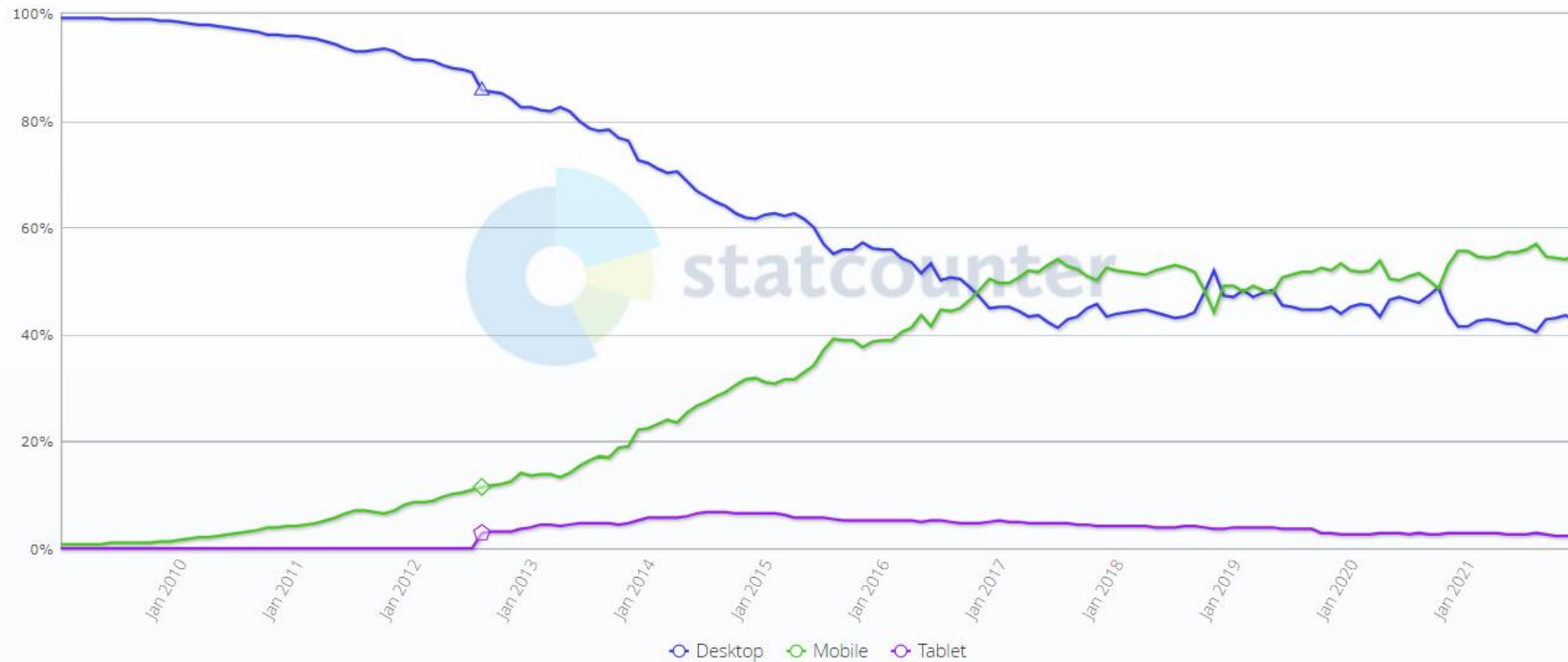
2.48%

Desktop vs Mobile vs Tablet Market Share Worldwide - November 2021

## Desktop vs Mobile vs Tablet Market Share Worldwide

Jan 2009 - Dec 2021

[Edit Chart Data](#)



# 微軟安全性更新導覽

<https://msrc.microsoft.com/update-guide/>

10

## 安全性更新導覽

Microsoft 安全響應中心 (MSRC) 會調查所有影響 Microsoft 產品和服務的安全弱點報告，並在此處提供資訊，是正在進行的工作的一部分，幫助您管理安全風險並保護系統安全。

全部 部署 弱點

2021年11月10日 - 2021年12月28日

編輯欄 下載 篩選器

關鍵詞 產品系列 嚴重性 影響 平台 版本資訊 清除

發行日期 ↓ 產品 平台 影響 嚴重性 Article 下載 Details

### 2021-Dec Release Notes

2021年12月16日	Azure Application Insights Java SDK	-	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">Additional Infor</a>	Security Update	CVE-2021-44228
2021年12月16日	Azure Data Lake Store Java tool	-	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">Additional Infor</a>	Security Update	CVE-2021-44228



## Search Results

There are **9534** CVE Records that match your search.

Name	Description
<a href="#">CVE-2021-45459</a>	lib/cmd.js in the node-windows package before 1.0.0-beta.6 for Node.js allows command injection via the PID parameter.
<a href="#">CVE-2021-45100</a>	The ksmbd server through 3.4.2, as used in the Linux kernel through 5.15.8, sometimes communicates in cleartext even though encryption has been enabled. This occurs because it sets the SMB2_GLOBAL_CAP_ENCRYPTION flag when using the SMB 3.1.1 protocol, which is a violation of the SMB protocol specification. When Windows 10 detects this protocol violation, it disables encryption.
<a href="#">CVE-2021-44554</a>	Thinfinity VirtualUI before 3.0 allows a malicious actor to enumerate users registered in the OS (Windows) through the /changePassword URI. By accessing the vector, an attacker can determine if a username exists thanks to the message returned; it can be presented in different languages according to the configuration of VirtualUI. Common users are administrator, admin, guest and krgtbt.
<a href="#">CVE-2021-44548</a>	An Improper Input Validation vulnerability in DataImportHandler of Apache Solr allows an attacker to provide a Windows UNC path resulting in an SMB network call being made from the Solr host to another host on the network. If the attacker has wider access to the network, this may lead to SMB attacks, which may result in: * The exfiltration of sensitive data such as OS user hashes (NTLM/LM hashes), * In case of misconfigured systems, SMB Relay Attacks which can lead to user impersonation on SMB Shares or, in a worse-case scenario, Remote Code Execution This issue affects all Apache Solr versions prior to 8.11.1. This issue only affects Windows.
<a href="#">CVE-2021-44230</a>	PortSwigger Burp Suite Enterprise Edition before 2021.11 on Windows has weak file permissions for the embedded H2 database, which might lead to privilege escalation. This issue can be exploited by an adversary who has already compromised a valid Windows account on the server via separate means. In this scenario, the compromised account may have inherited read access to sensitive configuration, database, and log files.
<a href="#">CVE-2021-44203</a>	Stored cross-site scripting (XSS) was possible in protection plan details. The following products are affected: Acronis Cyber Protect 15 (Windows, Linux) before build 28035
<a href="#">CVE-2021-44202</a>	Stored cross-site scripting (XSS) was possible in activity details. The following products are affected: Acronis Cyber Protect 15 (Windows, Linux) before build 28035

VULNERABILITIES

SEARCH AND STATISTICS

## Search Results (Refine Search)

Sort results by:

### Search Parameters:

- Results Type: Overview
- Keyword (text search): Windows
- Search Type: Search All
- CPE Name Search: false

There are **9,970** matching records.  
 Displaying matches **1** through **20**.

Vuln ID	Summary	CVSS Severity
<b>CVE-2021-3622</b>	<p>A flaw was found in the hivex library. This flaw allows an attacker to input a specially crafted Windows Registry (hive) file, which would cause hivex to recursively call the <code>_get_children()</code> function, leading to a stack overflow. The highest threat from this vulnerability is to system availability.</p> <p><b>Published:</b> 十二月 23, 2021; 4:15:08 下午 -0500</p>	<p>V3.x:(not available)                      V2.0:(not available)</p>



## OWASP Top 10:2021

[首頁](#)

[注意事項](#)

[OWASP 2021 介紹](#)

[如何正確使用 OWASP Top 10 為標準](#)

[如何使用 OWASP Top 10 啟動 AppSec](#)

[OWASP 相關](#)

### Top 10:2021 名單

[A01 權限控制失效](#)

[A02 加密機制失效](#)

[A03 注入式攻擊](#)

[A04 不安全設計](#)

[A05 安全設定缺陷](#)

[A06 危險或過舊的元件](#)

[A07 認證及驗證機制失效](#)

[A08 軟體及資料完整性失效](#)

[A09 資安記錄及監控失效](#)

[A10 伺服器端請求偽造](#)

[下一步](#)

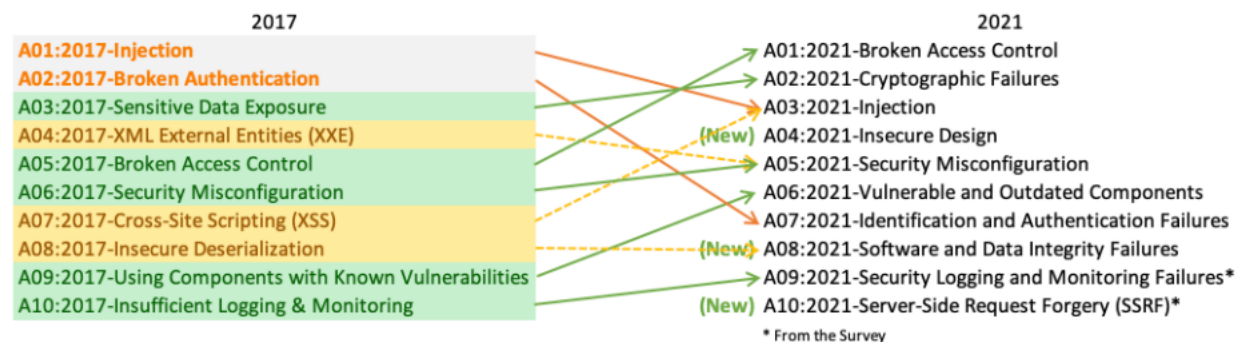
# OWASP Top 10 2021 介紹

歡迎來到最新版本的 OWASP Top 10 !! OWASP Top 10 2021 是一個全新的名單，包含了你可以列印下來的新圖示說明，若有需要的話，你可以從我們的網頁上面下載。

在此我們想對所有貢獻了他們時間和資料的人給予一個極大的感謝。沒有你們，這一個新版本是不會出現的。謝謝。

## Top 10 for 2021 有什麼新的變化？

這次在 OWASP Top 10 for 2021 有三個全新的分類，有四個分類有做名稱和範圍的修正，並有將一些類別做合併。



**A01:2021-權限控制失效** 從第五名移上來; 94% 被測試的應用程式都有驗測到某種類別權限控制失效的問題。在權限控制失效這個類別中被對應到的 34 個 CWEs 在驗測資料中出現的次數都高於其他的弱點類別。

**A02:2021-加密機制失效** 提升一名到第二名，在之前為 敏感資料外曝，在此定義下比較類似於一

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[分析方法](#)

[如何建構風險類別](#)

[選擇類別時資料的使用方式](#)

[為什麼就不純粹做統計分析？](#)

[為什麼用事故率而不是用發生次數](#)

[What is your data collection and analysis process?](#)

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# Mastering Windows Security and Hardening

Secure and protect your Windows environment from intruders, malware attacks, and other cyber threats

Packt

www.packt.com

Mark Dunkerley and Matt Tumbarello

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## Section 2: Applying Security and Hardening

### 5

#### Hardware and Virtualization

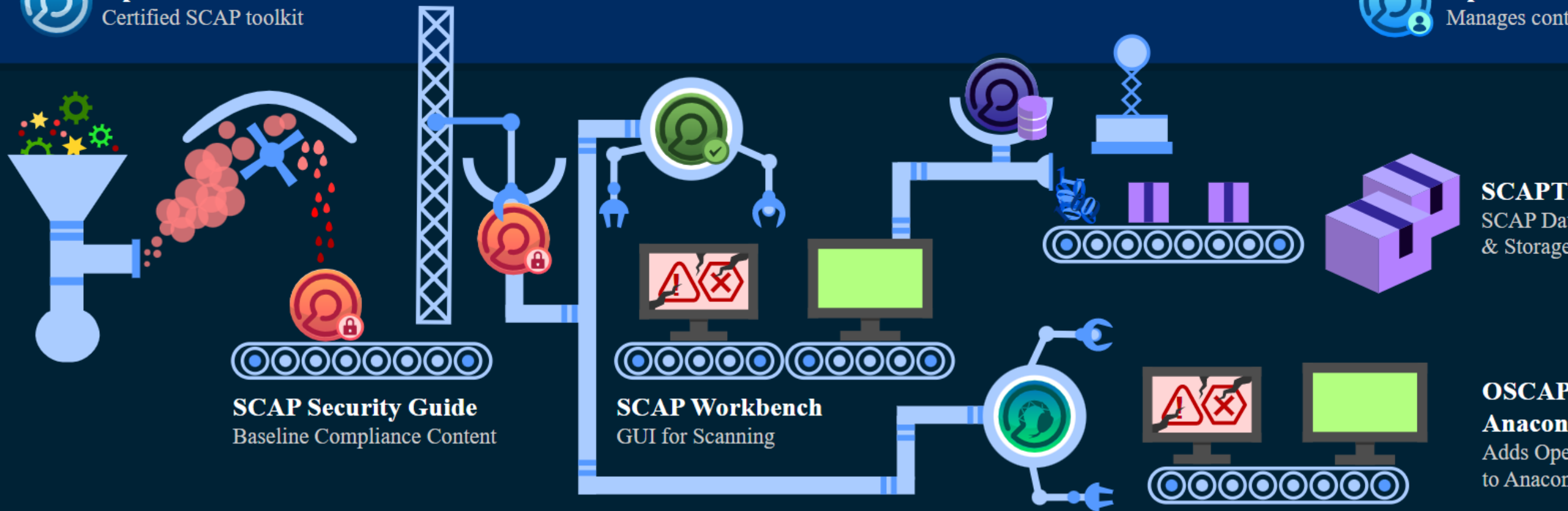
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# Linux Security基礎

# Mastering Linux Security and Hardening

Second Edition

Protect your Linux systems from intruders, malware attacks, and other  
cyber threats

Packt

www.packt.com

Donald A. Tevault

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# 防禦工具

## ClamAV

- Open Source 防毒軟體，也有Windows版本

## LMD

- Linux Malware Detect (LMD/maldet)惡意軟體偵測
- 可與ClamAV並肩作戰

## VirusTotal

- 提供可疑檔案分析的網站服務

## Rootkit Hunter

# 檢核系統服務 (Auditing system services)

## systemctl

```
sudo systemctl -t service --state=active
```

此命令顯示系統上運行的每個服務的狀態

UNIT	LOAD	ACTIVE	SUB	DESCRIPTION
accounts-daemon.service	loaded	active	running	Accounts Service
apparmor.service	loaded	active	exited	Load AppArmor profiles
apport.service	loaded	active	exited	LSB: automatic crash report generation
atd.service	loaded	active	running	Deferred execution scheduler
blk-availability.service	loaded	active	exited	Availability of block devices
cloud-config.service	loaded	active	exited	Apply the settings specified in cloud-config
cloud-final.service	loaded	active	exited	Execute cloud user/final scripts
cloud-init-local.service	loaded	active	exited	Initial cloud-init job (pre-networking)
cloud-init.service	loaded	active	exited	Initial cloud-init job (metadata service crawler)
console-setup.service	loaded	active	exited	Set console font and keymap
cron.service	loaded	active	running	Regular background program processing daemon
dbus.service	loaded	active	running	D-Bus System Message Bus
finalrd.service	loaded	active	exited	Create final runtime dir for shutdown pivot root
getty@tty1.service	loaded	active	running	Getty on tty1
getty@tty6.service	loaded	active	running	Getty on tty6
irqbalance.service	loaded	active	running	irqbalance daemon
keyboard-setup.service	loaded	active	exited	Set the console keyboard layout

# 檢核系統服務-**netstat**

追蹤系統上執行的網路服務目的

1. 確認不需要的服務沒有在運行
2. 確認沒有任何正在偵聽網路連線的惡意程式

```
sudo netstat -lp -A inet
```

-l 正在傾聽的網路埠 display listening server sockets

-p display PID/Program name for sockets

-A inet 只看 inet 家族協定的資訊 (raw,tcp,udp)

List of possible address families

inet (DARPA Internet) inet6 (IPv6)...

```
sudo netstat -lp -A inet6
```



```
eric@rocketchat:~$  
eric@rocketchat:~$ netstat -lp -A inet  
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info  
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)  
Active Internet connections (only servers)  
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name  
tcp      0      0 localhost:domain       0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      -  
tcp      0      0 0.0.0.0:ssh            0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      -  
tcp      0      0 0.0.0.0:3000           0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      -  
tcp      0      0 localhost:27017        0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      -  
udp      0      0 localhost:domain       0.0.0.0:*                -
```

```
eric@rocketchat:~$ sudo netstat -lp -A inet  
Active Internet connections (only servers)  
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name  
tcp      0      0 localhost:domain       0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      680/systemd-resolve  
tcp      0      0 0.0.0.0:ssh            0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      758/sshd: /usr/sbin  
tcp      0      0 0.0.0.0:3000           0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      1280/node  
tcp      0      0 localhost:27017        0.0.0.0:*                LISTEN      894/mongod  
udp      0      0 localhost:domain       0.0.0.0:*                680/systemd-resolve
```

```
eric@rocketchat:~$ sudo netstat -lp -A inet6  
Active Internet connections (only servers)  
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name  
tcp6     0      0 [::]:http              [::]:*                  LISTEN      706/caddy  
tcp6     0      0 [::]:ssh                [::]:*                  LISTEN      758/sshd: /usr/sbin  
tcp6     0      0 [::]:https              [::]:*                  LISTEN      706/caddy  
raw6     0      0 [::]:ipv6-icmp         [::]:*                  7          678/systemd-network  
eric@rocketchat:~$
```



# WhatPortIs <https://whatportis.com>

21

例如我們查詢上圖中 netstat 所列出port 27017

WhatPortIs

[Browse Ports](#)

[Submit New Port](#)

[Packet Captures](#)

[Statistics](#)

[Blog](#)

Port 27017

## mongoDB server port

Unofficial 

Un-Encrypted 

App Risk  4

Packet Captures 

★ [Edit / Improve This Page!](#)

mongoDB server port

mongoDB server port

 339 Position

 1 Contributor

 6,642 Views

Tags:

External Links:

None yet...

Search

e.g. HTTP or 80



Recent Searches

'27017' - 1 ports found

1 second ago

'20' - 1 ports found

1 minute ago

'25' - 1 ports found

1 minute ago

'443' - 1 ports found

1 minute ago

'8086' - 2 ports found

2 minutes ago 

[More stat's here!...](#)

# 檢核系統服務-netstat

## [延伸練習]

```
netstat -p -A inet  
netstat -np -A inet
```

## [學習資源]

<https://openmaniak.com/netstat.php>

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# 檢核系統服務-Nmap

netstat 非常好，但是有個小缺點是您必須登入您網路上每一台主機才能使用。如果您想要遠端檢核您網路上每台主機正在運行哪些服務，但是不想登入主機，那麼 Nmap 就是您需要的工具。

## [安裝]

```
sudo apt install nmap
```

## [範例]

```
nmap -v -A scanme.nmap.org
```

```
nmap -v -sn 192.168.0.0/16 10.0.0.0/8
```

```
nmap -v -iR 10000 -Pn -p 80
```

**-v**: Increase verbosity level (use -vv or more for greater effect)

**-A**: Enable OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

**-sn**: TCP Null, FIN, and Xmas scans

**-iR** <num hosts>: Choose random targets

**-Pn**: Treat all hosts as online -- skip host discovery

**-p** <port ranges>: Only scan specified ports

# 檢核系統服務-Nmap

## [練習]

```
sudo nmap -v -A 127.0.0.1
```

## [參考]

Nmap 官網

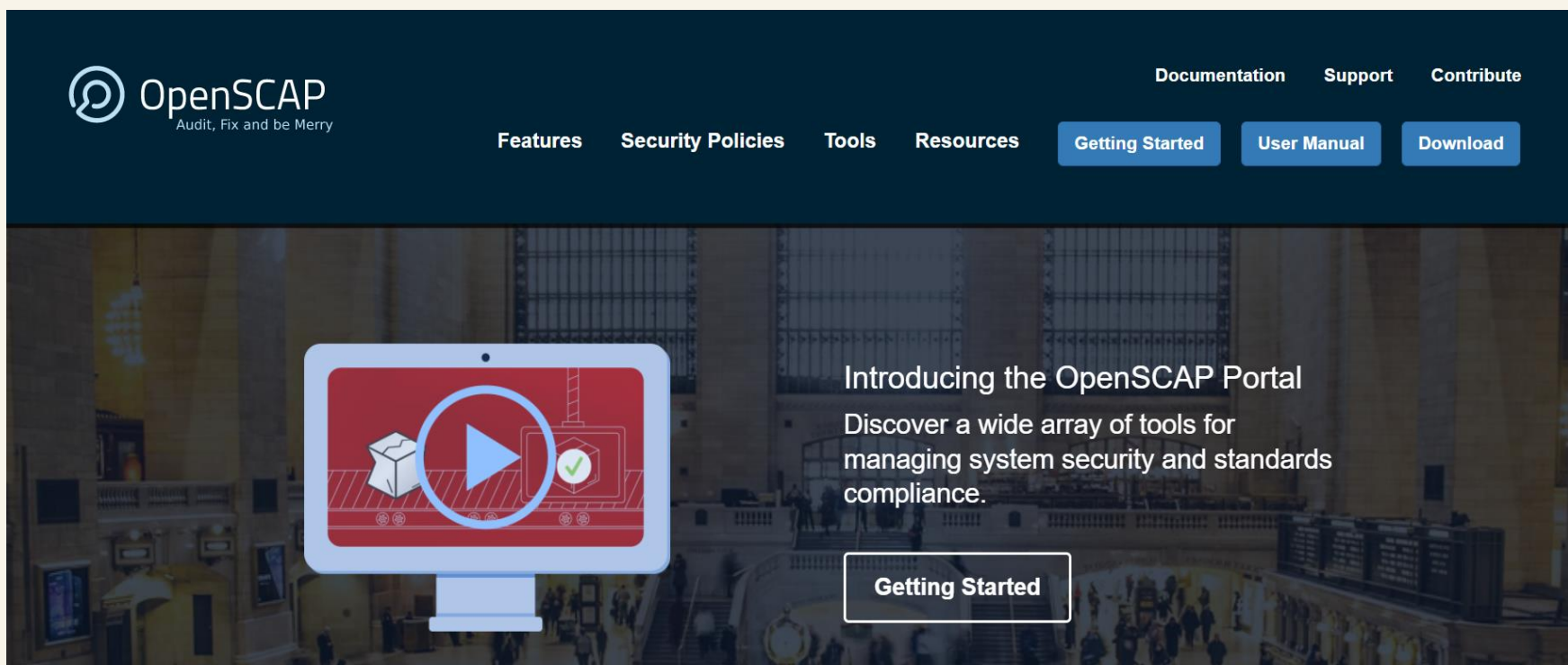
<https://nmap.org>

```
eric@rocketchat:~$ sudo nmap -v -A 127.0.0.1
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-12-27 15:02
NSE: Loaded 151 scripts for scanning.
NSE: Script Pre-scanning.
Initiating NSE at 15:02
Completed NSE at 15:02, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating NSE at 15:02
Completed NSE at 15:02, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating NSE at 15:02
Completed NSE at 15:02, 0.00s elapsed
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 15:02
Scanning localhost (127.0.0.1) [1000 ports]
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 127.0.0.1
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 127.0.0.1
Discovered open port 443/tcp on 127.0.0.1
Discovered open port 3000/tcp on 127.0.0.1
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 15:02, 0.07s elapsed (1000 ports)
Initiating Service scan at 15:02
Scanning 4 services on localhost (127.0.0.1)
Completed Service scan at 15:02, 14.00s elapsed (4 services)
Initiating OS detection (try #1) against localhost (127.0.0.1)
NSE: Script scanning 127.0.0.1.
Initiating NSE at 15:02
```

# 檢核系統服務-OpenSCAP

Security Content Automation Protocol(SCAP) 由美國國家標準與技術研究院 (NIST)制定，包含用於設置安全系統的強化指南、強化模板和基線配置指南而OpenSCAP就是開源的實作SCAP工具，具備

Security profiles /Security guides/Security templates/SCAP workbench  
<https://www.open-scap.org/>



# 檢核系統服務-OpenSCAP

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## [Ubuntu 安裝]

```
sudo apt install openscap-daemon ssg-applications  
ssg-base ssg-debian ssg-debderived ssg-nondebian
```

## [Windows安裝 SCAP Workbench]

<https://www.open-scap.org/tools/scap-workbench/#download>

The screenshot shows the SCAP Workbench interface for a Debian 8 system. The window title is "ssg-debian8-ds.xml - SCAP Workbench". The main content area displays the "Guide to the Secure Configuration of Debian 8". The "Customization" section shows "None selected". The "Profile" is set to "Common Profile for General-Purpose Debian Systems (36)". The "Target" is set to "Remote Machine (over SSH)". The "User and host" is "eric@chat.hcc.edu.tw" and the "Port" is "22". The "Rules" section is expanded, showing a list of rules. The first rule is "Verify that local System.map file (if exists) is readable only by root". The second rule is "Verify Permissions and ownership on shadow File", which is expanded to show a text box with the following text: "To properly set the permissions of /etc/shadow, run the command: \$ sudo chmod 0640 /etc/shadow To properly set the owner of /etc/shadow, run the command: \$ sudo chown root /etc/shadow To properly set the group owner of /etc/shadow, run the command: \$ sudo chgrp shadow /etc/shadow". The "Rules" section also includes "Verify Permissions and ownership on gshadow File", "Verify Permissions and ownership on passwd File", "Verify Permissions and ownership on group File", "Disable Core Dumps for SUID programs", "Enable Randomized Layout of Virtual Address Space", "Ensure /tmp Located On Separate Partition", and "Ensure /var Located On Separate Partition". The progress bar at the bottom shows "0% (0 results, 36 rules selected)". The "Scan" button is highlighted.



# 檢核系統服務—**Security Checklist**

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HIPAA checklist  
<https://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/security/guidance/cybersecurity/index.html>



PCI-DSS checklist  
<https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/>

# 電腦硬體安全

## BIOS/UEFI的安全性---加強電腦硬體安全

每台電腦都有BIOS或是UEFI晶片，儲存著硬體設置和開機後啟動程序指令。UEFI簡單來說就是改良版的BIOS，它比舊式的BIOS具有更多安全功能。所以使用較新的UEFI模式安裝OS才是好選擇。

### [作為]

1. 檢查開機順序
2. 停用不必要的裝置(SATA2,Rear USB等)
3. CPU的安全功能
4. BIOS/UEFI的設定密碼

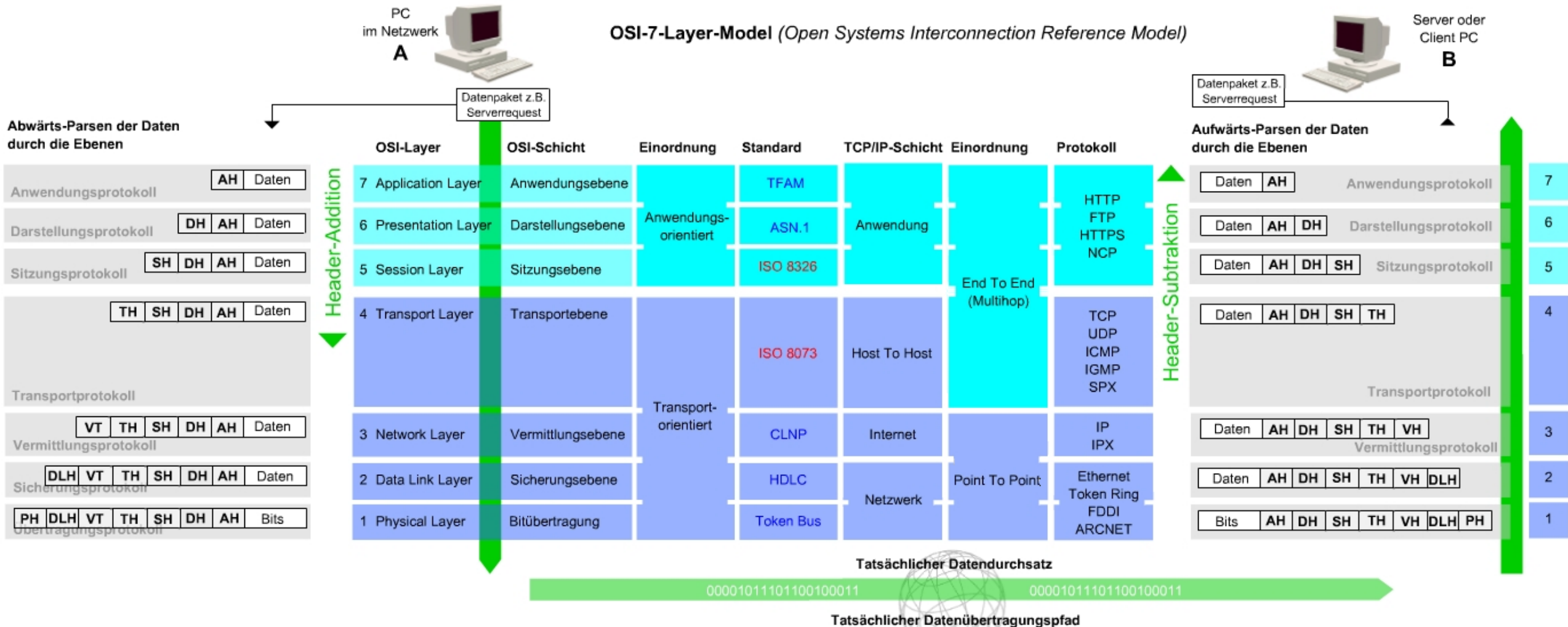
### [UEFI]

統一可延伸韌體介面 ( 英語：Unified Extensible Firmware Interface，縮寫UEFI ) 是一種個人電腦系統規格，用來定義作業系統與系統韌體之間的軟體介面，作為BIOS的替代方案[1]。可延伸韌體介面負責加電自檢 ( POST )、聯絡作業系統以及提供連接作業系統與硬體的介面。

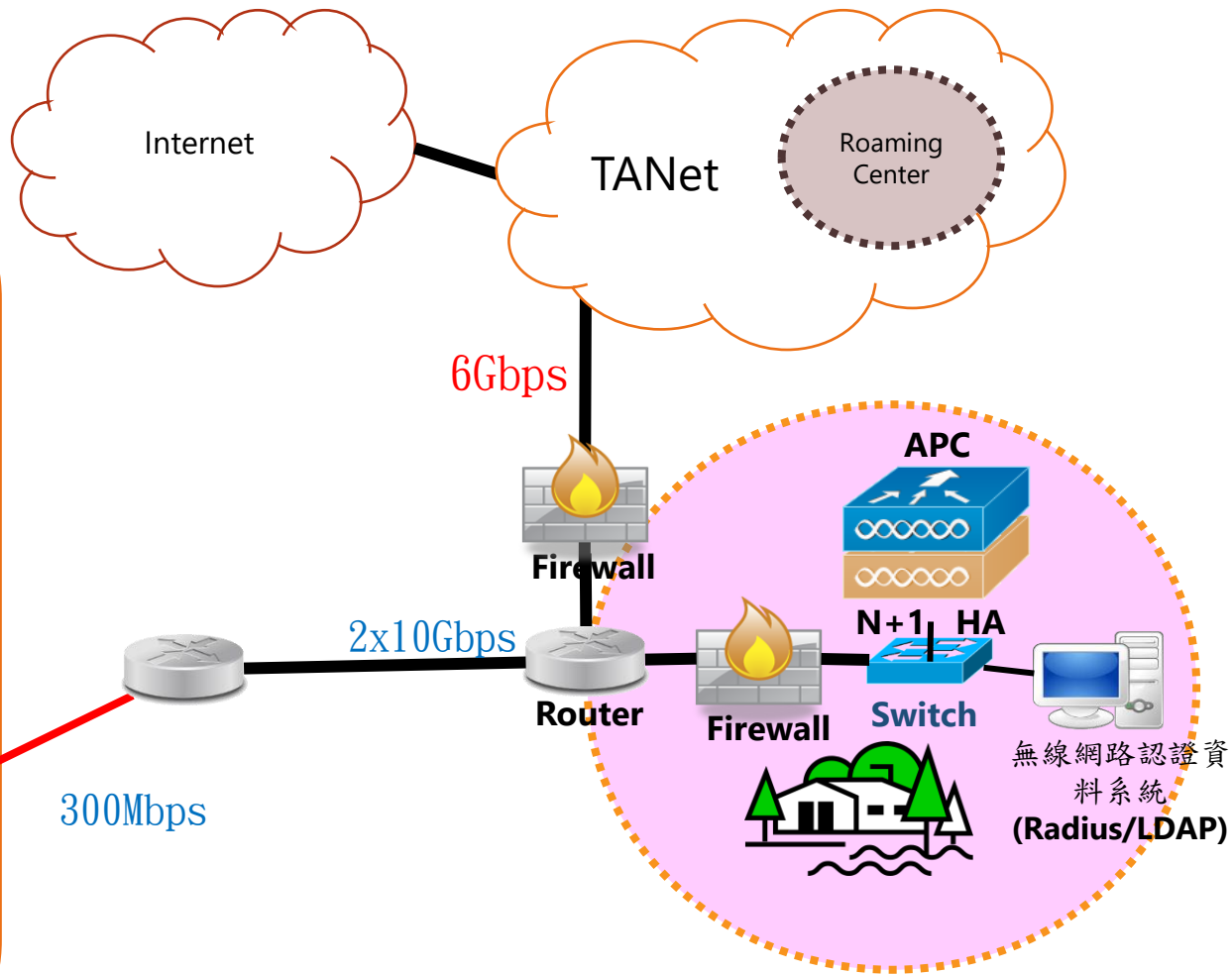
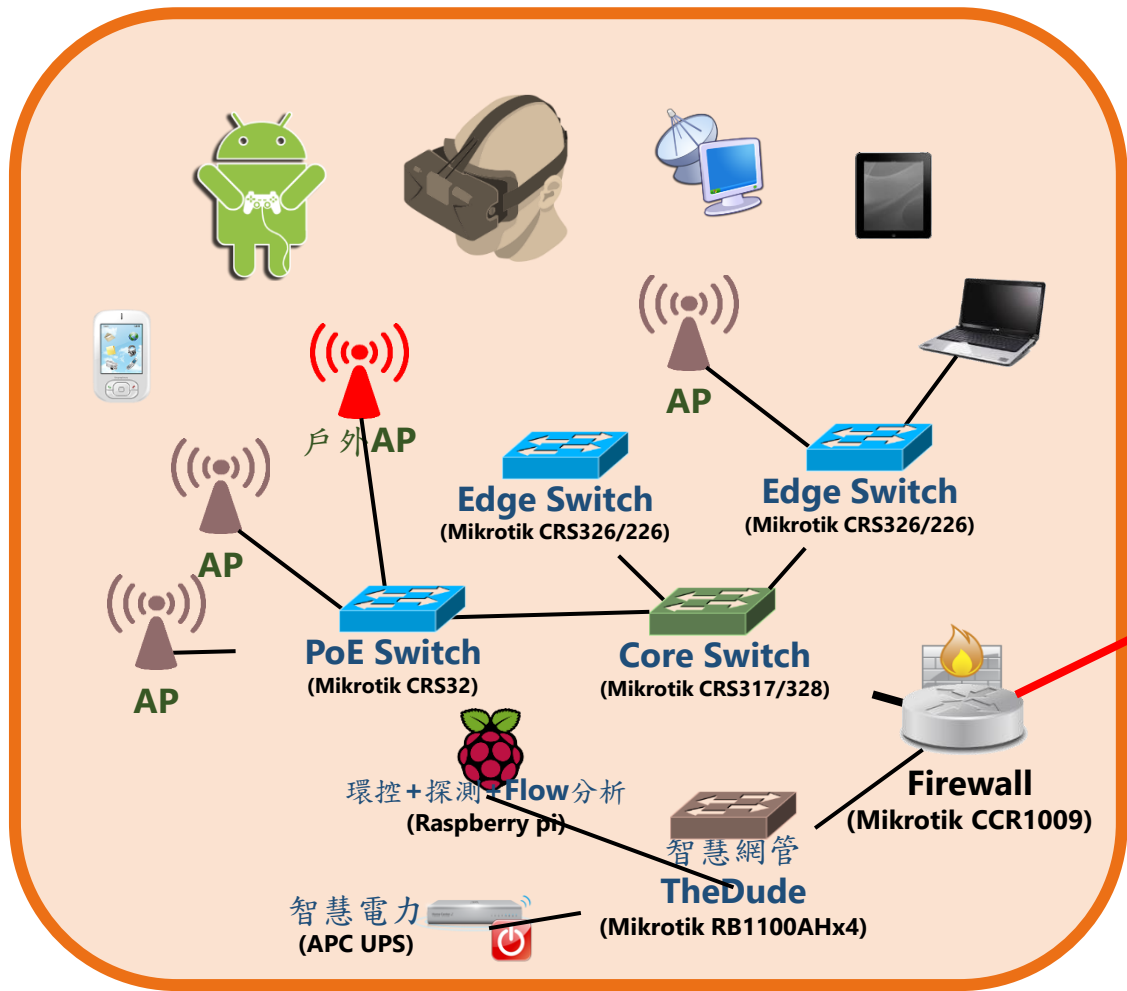
UEFI在概念上類似於一個低階的作業系統，並且具有操控所有硬體資源的能力。不少人感覺它的不斷發展將有可能代替現代的作業系統。

# 網路通訊的安全

# 七層架構觀-Divide & Conquer



# 縱深防禦



# 防火牆知多少



# 忠實的警衛

## Host

- Microsoft Defender Firewall
- Linux iptables

## Network

- MikroTik Firewall

# 某廠牌防火牆授權到期

The screenshot displays the management interface of a firewall device. At the top, there is a 'Rear Panel' diagram showing ports P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8, a USB port, and a CONSOLE port. Below this, the interface is divided into several panels:

- 裝置資訊 (Device Information):** Lists system name (usg1100), model (USG1100), serial number (S142L35530213), MAC address range (4C:9E:FF:85:1E:2B ~ 4C:9E:FF:85:1E:32), and firmware version (V4.15(AAPK.2) / 2016-03-31 18:59:34).
- 系統狀態 (System Status):** Shows system uptime (50 days, 23:42:01), current date/time (2018-10-31 / 06:41:26 GMT+00:00), VPN status (0), SSL VPN status (0/250), DHCP table (38), current user (admin), and login user count (2).
- 安全服務狀態 (Security Service Status):** A table showing the status of various security services.
- 內容過濾統計 (Content Filtering Statistics):** A table showing the number of requests checked, blocked, warned, and passed.

#	狀態	名稱	版別	到期
1	Expired	IDP Signature	v3.1.4.207	0
2	Not Licensed	Anti-Virus	v1.0.0.001	0
3	Not Licensed	Anti-Spam		0
4	Not Licensed	Content Filter		0
5	Enabled	ADP		
6	Enabled	Security Policy Control		

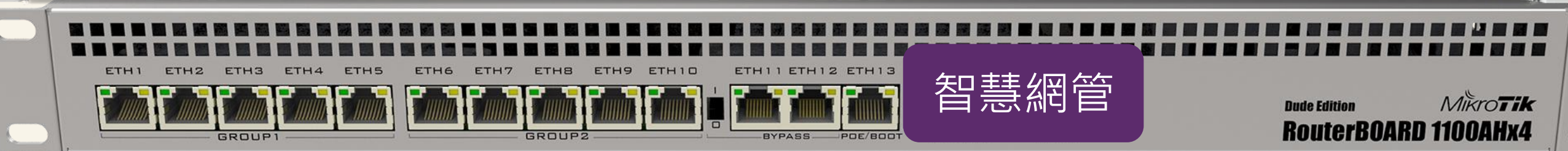
  

項目	數量
檢查過的總網頁數	0
封鎖	0
警告	0
通過	0

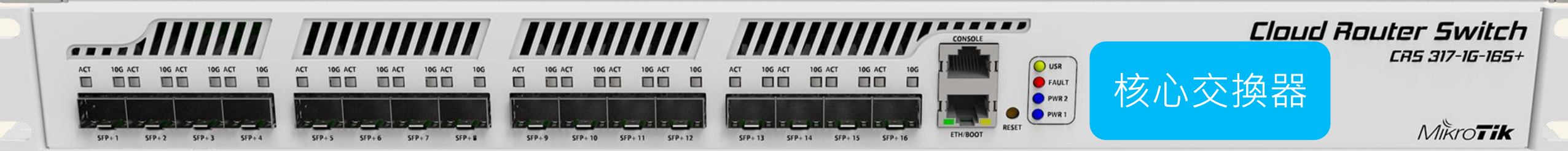
# MikroTik 網路設備



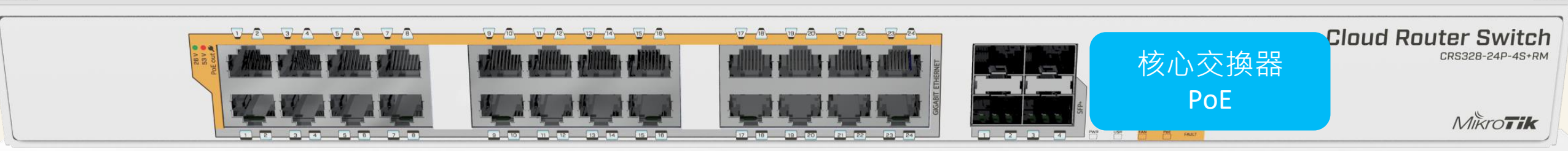
防火牆



智慧網管



核心交換器



核心交換器 PoE

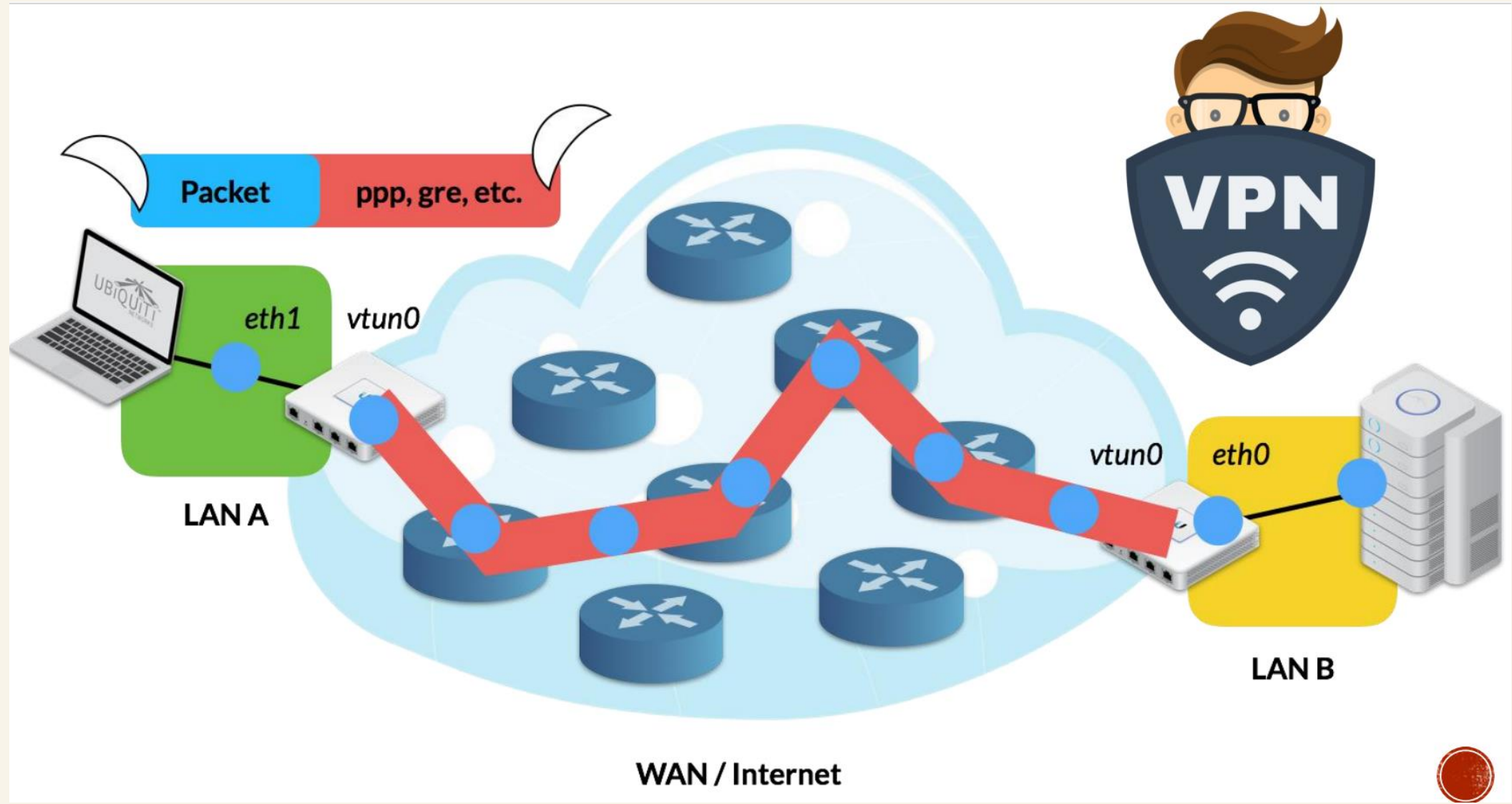


邊際交換器

# 積極防護的解決方案

虛擬IP與NAT活用/VPN建置與應用/Log戰情蒐集

# VPN





# 建構VPN服務 L2TP over IPsec VPN Server

## ▪ 建構VPN服務 L2TP over IPsec VPN Server

### 1. 建立 VPN 網段 (也可以用現有的DHCP網段)

```
/ip pool add name=vpn_pool ranges=10.0.0.1-10.0.0.100
```

### 2. 建立給 L2TP 使用的 profile

```
/ppp profile add local-address=192.168.88.1 name=l2tp_profile remote-address=vpn_pool use-encryption=required
```

- [註] local-address 可改用其他 Local IP

### 3. 建立 L2TP 連線用的帳號密碼

```
/ppp secret add name=帳號 password=密碼 profile=l2tp_profile service=l2tp
```

### 4. 啟動 L2TP Server

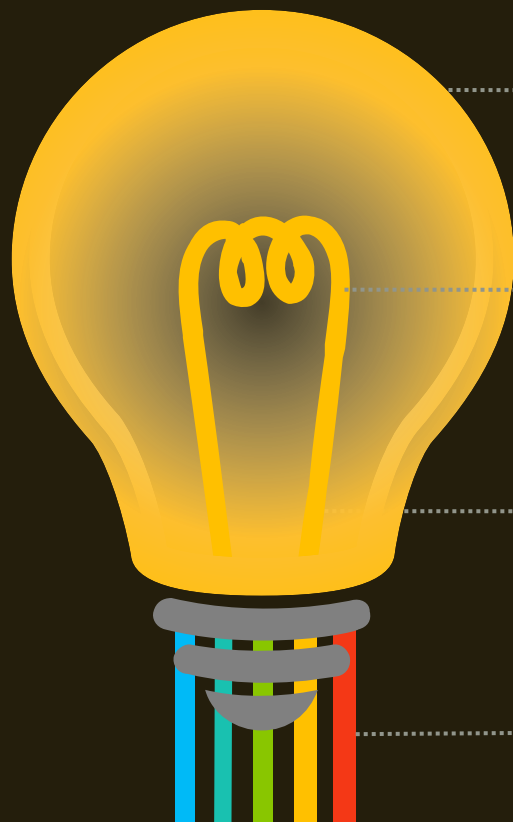
```
/interface l2tp-server server set default-profile=l2tp_profile enabled=yes ipsec-secret=秘鑰 use-ipsec=yes
```

### 5. 開防火牆

```
/ip firewall filter add chain=input action=accept protocol=17 dst-port=500,1701,4500
```

# 校園網路智慧管理系統

視覺化、人工智慧(AI)應用、大數據(Big Data)分析、資安聯防、雲服務(Cloud Computing)與霧運算



## 視覺化異質設備管理

導入智慧化視覺式網路品質、物聯裝置監測管理系統  
對異質網路設備進行監測及控制、行動載具管控

## 異常警訊與設備管控

資訊具體明白、資產盤點、狀態即時掌握、隔離封鎖  
網路異常時簡訊即時通知管理人員

## 數據分析與資產管理

提供網路拓樸自動產出、監控資訊面板、資產清單、  
效能使用率、統計報表等功能

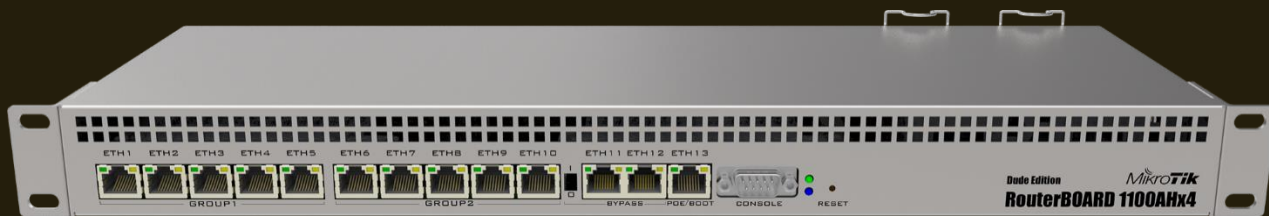
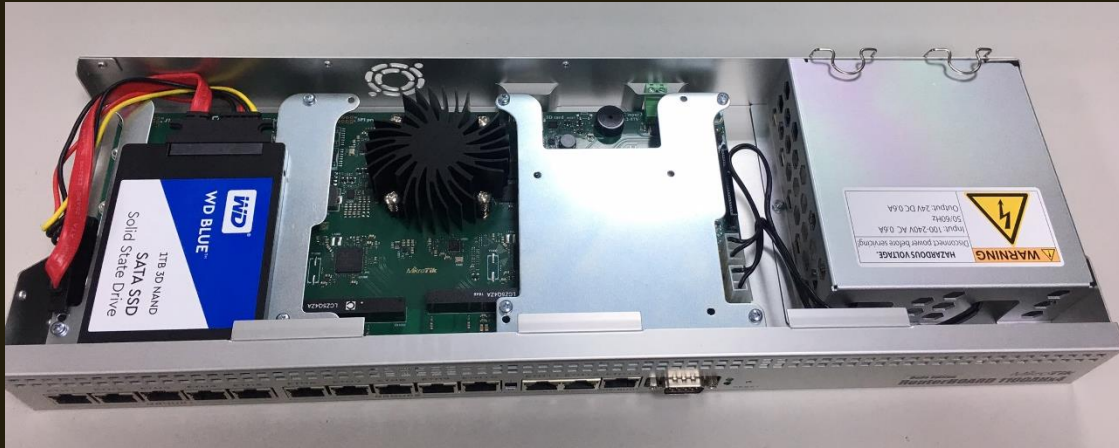
## 流量與日誌倉儲

SNMP蒐集統計、Netflow流量使用分析、Syslog日誌事件匯聚  
資安聯防與稽核



# 智慧網管運算與倉儲中心

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邊際運算資料存取 ( edge computing ) 設備#1

- ✓ 可安裝四顆**固態硬碟**，做為 FTP與Syslog Server 儲存用。
- ✓ **自動偵測**、辨識介接設備的能力，提供介接連線設備之型號、韌體版本、MAC位址、系統名稱等資訊，並支援**單鍵連線**至該設備的管理介面。支援SNMP v1/v2c/v3。
- ✓ 具有**API Service**，透過API 蒐集設備資訊、調整設定和管理設備，並提供Python、PHP或C# 的API 函式庫。
- ✓ **Traffic Flow** 支援NetFlow v9或 sFlow，可傳送至流量分析伺服器(例如 ntopng)進行封包 蒐集與分析。
- ✓ 支援**Syslog**協定，可接收儲存設備系統訊息，提供Syslog倉儲功能。
- ✓ **內建管理系統**，具備視覺化網路拓樸、設備狀態查詢、流量統計、事件通知等功能。
- ✓ 將學校現有支援**SNMP協定**的設備，以及本計畫網路設備與不斷電系統，完成相關設定納入監管

# 遠端遙控與環境感測設備



- ✓ 採用**樹莓派**Raspberry Pi 3 Model B+建構
- ✓ DHT22數位**溫溼度感測器**，以及I2C 16x2 LCD顯示器。
- ✓ 本中心建置乙個供各校使用之**雲端平台**。
  - 功能包含：各校機房溫溼度數據統計
  - 各校機房UPS電力狀況。
- ✓ 各校裝置的**遠端控制**，可以從雲端伺服器存取遠端裝置的 SSH、RS232、RDP，並提供雲端帳號密碼的控管功能。

邊際運算資料存取 ( edge computing ) 設備#2  
 High-Speed Web-based Traffic Analysis and Flow Collection

✓ **NTOP 流量分析**(接收NetFlow資料)

- Contents
- Charts
  - CPU
  - Chart
  - Flow Map
- Devices
- Files
- Functions
- History Actions
- Links
- Log
- Mib Nodes
- Network Maps
  - 五峰
  - 北埔
  - 寶山
  - 尖石
  - 峨眉
  - 新埔
  - 新竹縣全境
  - 新豐
  - 橫山
  - 湖口
  - 竹北
  - 竹東
  - 芎林
  - 關西
  - 高中職及私立...



Network Map 尖石

Up: 新光國小, 新光國小-司馬庫斯分班, 秀巒國小, 秀巒國小-田埔分校, 石磊國小, 尖石國小, 嘉興國小, 嘉興分校, 新樂國小, 梅花國小, 錦屏國小, 玉峰國小, 尖石國中

Partially down:

Down:

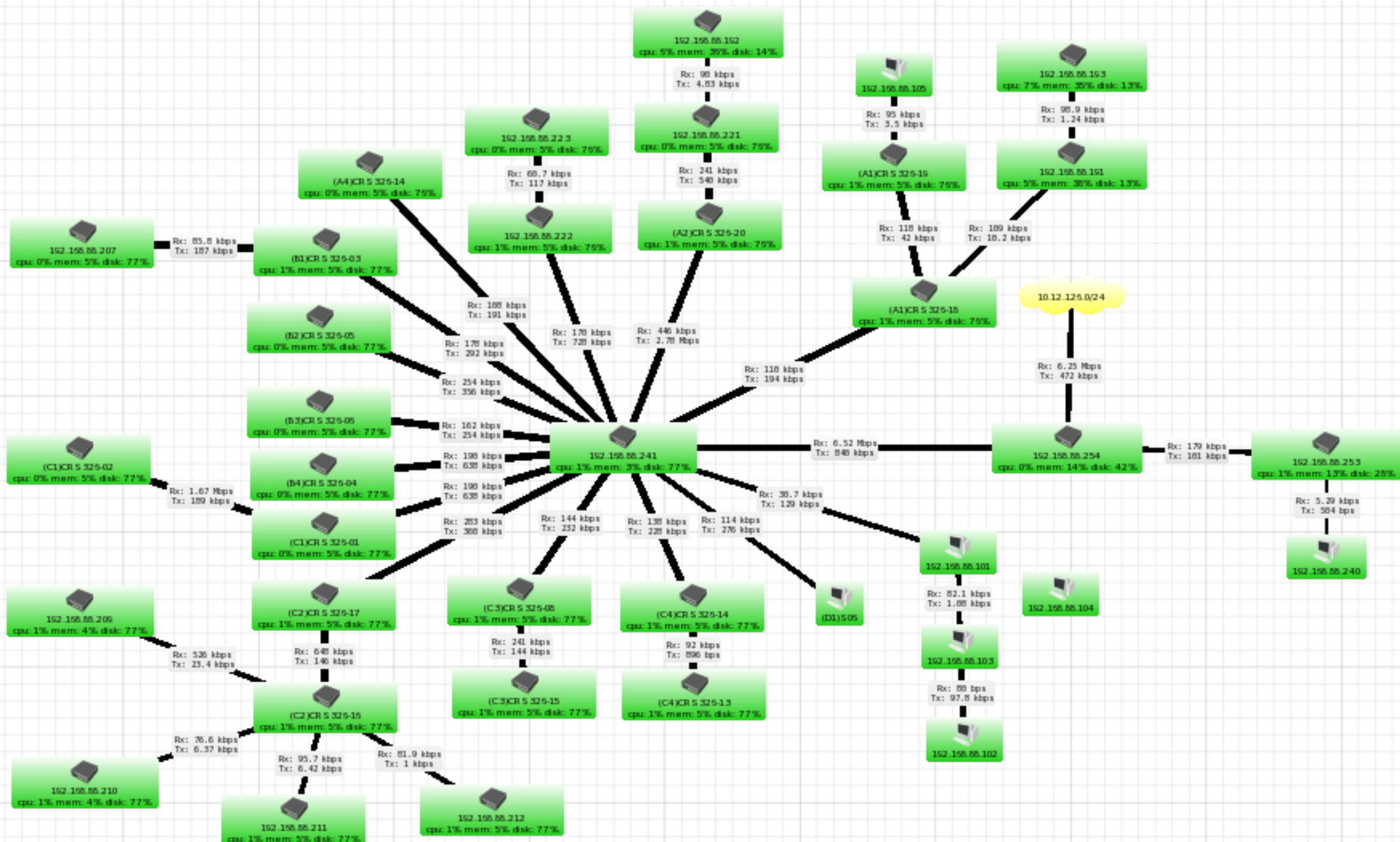
Acked:

Unknown:

Notes:





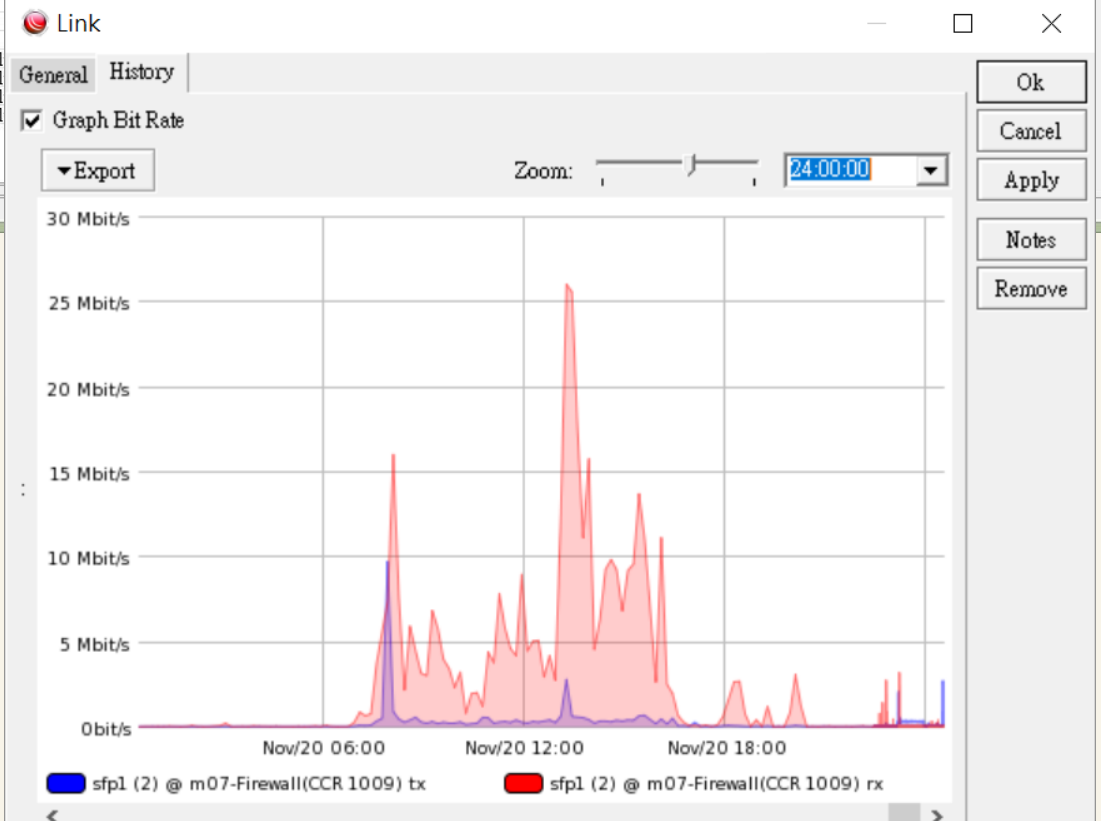


Interface	Ip	Route	Arp	Package	File	Neighbor	Registration Table	Simple Queue	Dhcp Lease
Name	Type	MTU	Tx Bps	Rx Bps	Tx Pps	Rx Pps			
bridge	bridge		0	3.82 k...	4.54 k...	1	4		
ether1	ethernet	1500	25 kbps	1.68 k...	10	3			
ether10	ethernet	1500	28.3 k...	123 kbps	27	20			
ether11	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether12	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether13	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether14	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether15	ethernet	1500	4.76 k...	0 bps	7	0			
ether16	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether17	ethernet	1500	4.76 k...	0 bps	7	0			
ether18	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether19	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether2	ethernet	1500	25 kbps	1.68 k...	10	3			
ether20	ethernet	1500	54.7 k...	8.12 k...	8	5			
ether21	ethernet	1500	9.3 kbps	2.14 k...	2	4			
ether22	ethernet	1500	4.76 k...	0 bps	0	0			
ether23	ethernet	1500	4.76 k...	1.26 k...	7	1			
ether24	ethernet	1500	0 bps	0 bps	0	0			
ether3	ethernet	1500	19.3 k...	2.14 k...	11	4			
ether4	ethernet	1500	25 kbps	1.68 k...	10	3			
ether5	ethernet	1500	18.2 k...	1.12 k...	9	2			
ether6	ethernet	1500	25 kbps	1.68 k...	10	3			

Settings  
Disable

Device	Group	Wireless Registration	Simple Queue	Name	Status	Version	Architecture	Board	Upgrade Status	Packages
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-CRS226-1	ok	6.43.2 (s...	mipsbe	CRS226-24G-2S+		routeros-mipsbe
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-CRS326-1	ok	6.43.4 (s...	arm	CRS326-24G-2S+		routeros-arm
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-CRS326-2	ok	6.43.4 (s...	arm	CRS326-24G-2S+		routeros-arm
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-CRS326-3	...	4 (s...	arm	CRS326-24G-2S+		routeros-arm
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-CRS328-1	...	4 (s...	arm	CRS328-24P-4S+		routeros-arm
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-Firewall(CC...	...	4 (s...	tile	CCR1009-8G-1S...		ups, dude, routeros-tile
✓	✓	✓	✓	m07-RB1100AHx4	...	4 (s...	tile	CCR1009-8G-1S...		ntp, ups, dude, user-manager, routeros-arm

- Tools
  - Ping
  - Traceroute
  - Snmpwalk
  - Terminal
  - Remote Connection
  - Torch
  - Bandwidth Test
  - Spectral Scan
  - Telnet
  - Web



### Torch m07-Firewall(CCR 1009)

General: From: m07-Firewall(CCR 1009), Interface: sfp-sfpplus1, Average: 00:00:10

Filter: Eth Protocol: snv, Vlan ID: snv, IP Protocol: snv, Src Address: 0.0.0.0/0, Dst Address: 0.0.0.0/0, Port: snv, Dscp: , Cpu:

Table Pie Bar

Eth Protocol	Ip Protocol	Vlan ID	Src Address	Src Port	Dst Address	Dst Port
0.0.0.0 - 175 K	120.106.167.39 - 4.29 K	192.168.88.104 - 143 K	192.168.88.201 - 8.62 K	other - 9.17 K	0.0.0.0 - 86.8 K	172.16.3.201 - 2.42 K
0.0.0.0 - 86.8 K	172.16.3.201 - 2.42 K	192.168.88.104 - 72.6 K	192.168.88.201 - 4.51 K	other - 5.56 K	0.0.0.0 - 88.4 K	120.106.167.39 - 2.1 K
0.0.0.0 - 88.4 K	120.106.167.39 - 2.1 K	192.168.88.104 - 70.3 K	192.168.88.201 - 4.11 K	other - 3.38 K	0.0.0.0 - 241	120.106.167.39 - 3
0.0.0.0 - 241	120.106.167.39 - 6	172.16.3.201 - 5	192.168.88.104 - 202	other - 8	0.0.0.0 - 117	172.16.3.201 - 3
0.0.0.0 - 117	120.106.167.39 - 3	172.16.3.201 - 3	192.168.88.104 - 101	other - 5	0.0.0.0 - 124	120.106.167.39 - 3
0.0.0.0 - 124	120.106.167.39 - 3	172.16.3.201 - 2	192.168.88.104 - 101	other - 3	0.0.0.0 - 124	120.106.167.39 - 3
0.0.0.0 - 124	120.106.167.39 - 3	172.16.3.201 - 2	192.168.88.104 - 101	other - 3	0.0.0.0 - 124	120.106.167.39 - 3

Total Bytes, Rx Bytes, Tx Bytes

# 異常訊息通知

Notifications

Name	Type
beep	beep
GMail Notification	email
Telegram	execute on server
flash	flash
log to syslog	log
log to events	log
popup	popup

New Notification

General Schedule Advanced

Delay: 00:00:00

Repeat Interval: 00:00:00

Repeat Count: 1

On Status:

Name
acked -> down
acked -> unstable
acked -> up
down -> acked
down -> unknown
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> down -> up
unknown -> down
unknown -> unstable
unknown -> up
unstable -> acked
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> unstable -> down
unstable -> unknown
unstable -> up
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> up -> down
up -> unknown
up -> unstable

Buttons: Ok, Cancel, Apply, Notes, Copy, Remove, Test

中華電信 上午12:45 96%

Chats 1 防火牆訊息通知 bot

Device: [weteach.edu.tw](http://weteach.edu.tw) Status: up 5:15 PM

Nov/17/2018 17:15:14  
Device: [weteach.edu.tw](http://weteach.edu.tw) Status: up 5:15 PM

November 18

Nov/18/2018 04:54:45 Device: 埔和國小 Status: down 4:54 AM

Nov/18/2018 09:23:47 Device: 鳳岡國中 Status: down 9:23 AM

Nov/18/2018 11:39:35 Device: 埔和國小 Status: up 11:39 AM

Nov/18/2018 11:48:37 Device: 鳳岡國中 Status: up 11:48 AM

Nov/18/2018 14:20:10 Device: 南和國小 Status: up 2:20 PM

November 19

Nov/19/2018 01:07:57  
Device: [sso.cloud.edu.tw](http://sso.cloud.edu.tw) Status: down 1:07 AM

Nov/19/2018 01:12:57  
Device: [sso.cloud.edu.tw](http://sso.cloud.edu.tw) Status: up 1:12 AM

Nov/19/2018 09:21:34 Device: 尖石國中 Status: down 9:21 AM

Telegram

# 利用 Telegram Bot 傳遞即時通知

安裝Telegram APP 並驗證啟用，與 @BotFather 對話 建立 Bot

/help

/newbot

取得 Bot 的Token 值 例如 548196238:AAFOrXUsakgZIRmsqsC\_LWqfVVTgwS1U65A

點按啟用 Bot 並送一則訊息

利用下列URL 取得 Chat\_id 例如 614626675

[https://api.telegram.org/bot\[Bot的Token\]/getUpdates](https://api.telegram.org/bot[Bot的Token]/getUpdates)

傳遞訊息

[https://api.telegram.org/bot\[Bot的Token\]/sendMessage?chat\\_id=\[Chat\\_id\]&text='訊息內容' keep-result=no](https://api.telegram.org/bot[Bot的Token]/sendMessage?chat_id=[Chat_id]&text='訊息內容' keep-result=no)

參數 不留檔案 keep-result=no

[例如]

`/tool fetch url="https://api.telegram.org/bot[Bot的Token]/sendMessage\?chat_id=[Chat_id]&text=時間:[Time] 設備 : [Device.Name] 狀態:[Service.Status] keep-result=no"`



# 日誌大數據分析(縣網層)

## [RuterBoard][Critical Error 訊息分

Select School

選擇查詢時間

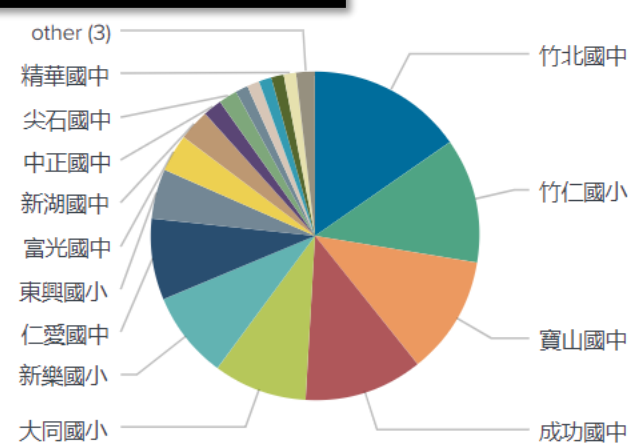
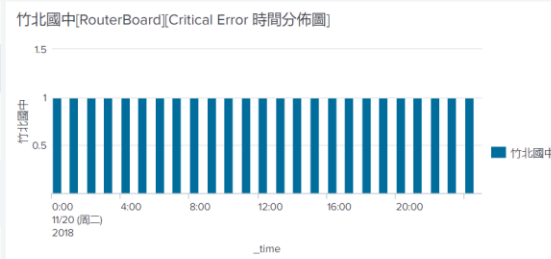
all

Last 24 hours

### \*[RouterBoard][Critical Error 統計表]

Name	Device_IP	count
竹北國中	163.19.13.254	25
竹仁國小	163.19.76.254	20
寶山國中	163.19.83.254	19
成功國中	163.19.93.254	19
大同國小	163.19.77.254	15
新樂國小	120.106.187.126	14
仁愛國中	163.19.14.254	13
東興國小	163.19.96.254	8

_time	Name	Description
2018/11/21 00:22:02	竹北國中	dhcp,critical,error dhcp alert on bridge: discovered unknown dhcp server, mac 00:17:16:0E:4F:B4, ip 172.16.0.254
2018/11/20 23:21:39	竹北國中	dhcp,critical,error dhcp alert on bridge: discovered unknown dhcp server, mac 00:17:16:0E:4F:B4, ip 172.16.0.254
2018/11/20 22:20:51	竹北國中	dhcp,critical,error dhcp alert on bridge: discovered unknown dhcp server, mac 00:17:16:0E:4F:B4, ip 172.16.0.254
2018/11/20 21:20:14	竹北國中	dhcp,critical,error dhcp alert on bridge: discovered unknown dhcp server, mac 00:17:16:0E:4F:B4, ip 172.16.0.254
2018/11/20 20:19:31	竹北國中	dhcp,critical,error dhcp alert on bridge: discovered unknown dhcp server, mac 00:17:16:0E:4F:B4, ip 172.16.0.254





# 積極備援的解決方案



# 虛擬化方案：Proxmox

The screenshot displays the Proxmox VE 6.2-4 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Proxmox logo, version information, a search bar, and links for Documentation, Create VM, Create CT, and the user profile (root@pam). The left sidebar shows a tree view of the Datacenter (PVE) with nodes pve through pve6, each with associated VMs. The main content area is divided into sections: Resources (CPU, Memory, Storage) and Nodes (a table of node status).

**Resources**

- CPU:** 2% of 144 CPU(s)
- Memory:** 36% (226.46 GiB of 627.79 GiB)
- Storage:** 6% (7.37 TiB of 123.85 TiB)

**Nodes**

Name	ID	Online	Support	Server Address	CPU usage	Memory usage	Uptime
pve	1	✓	-	16 1	5%	70%	29 days 15...
pve2	4	✓	-	16 2	1%	25%	29 days 15...
pve3	3	✓	-	16 3	4%	92%	26 days 07...
pve4	2	✓	-	16 4	1%	64%	52 days 22...
pve5	5	✓	-	16 5	3%	23%	29 days 15...
pve6	6	✓	-	16 6	1%	36%	29 days 15...

Tasks Cluster log

Start Time ↓	End Time	Node	User name	Description	Status
2025-05-07 15:07	2025-05-11 15:11	pve	root	Task: Update packages	OK

# 資管 藝術

縱深防禦思維、共享夢想之路

# Art-1

想掌握網路，先抓住IP

誰盜用IP?私接設備?

ARP(Static Bind)

Hotspot(Account,IP,MAC)

DHCP (Static Lease by MAC、Alert)

行動辦公也要安全

誰的電腦不關機?

VPN(L2TP、Radius)

Firewall Rule(by Time Schedule)



亂世用重典，多設警衛

電腦教室管理、公用區

NAT(IP 節約)

DNS(Cache)

Web Proxy(網站管制)

Firewall (L7 Rule 過濾不當應用)

Queue (流量管控)

## 瑣事就自動化去跑

如何當一位聰明的網路管理人員?

Scheduler(排程執行Scripts)

WOL(節能、喚醒電腦)

異地備份(backup+ftp or email)

Logging(remote syslog)

## 內賊難防、自動防範破窗 是誰在搗蛋?可不可以自動防範?

- Loop Protect(迴路保護)
- DHCP Snooping(防止非法DHCP)
- Hotspot(上網就要帳號驗證)
- Log(長期Log倉儲)

# Art-6

號令天下，老闆兼工友  
發生甚麼事? 遊走內外網路

The Dude(+Syslog Service)

RoMON (Winbox by RoMON Agent )

ROS\_command

SNMP

# Art-7

一手掌握，On Time

第一手消息

訊息傳遞(+Telegram Bot)

Mikrotik APP

同行致遠、大家一起共好

MikroTik (ROS、CP值高)

Open Source (Bigbluebutton、rocket.chat、

Proxmox、LibreNMS....)

Community(社群同好....)





# 把世界帶進教室

新竹縣教育研究發展暨網路中心 辛文義